The Environment

8.1

A. The study of interactions among organisms and their environment is called <u>ecology</u>

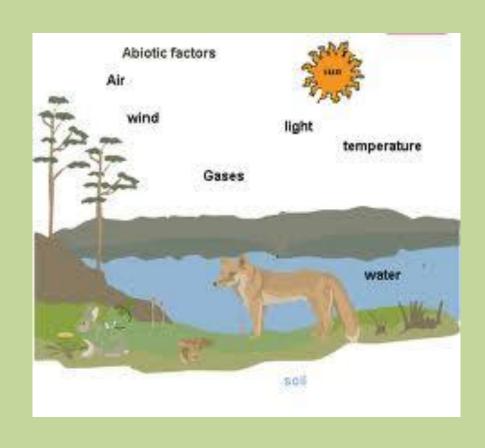
B. <u>Abiotic factors</u> – nonliving parts of the environment

- a. <u>Water</u> is needed by all organisms for cell and life processes
- b. <u>Light</u> and <u>temperature</u> determine where plants and animals can live

c. Air gases such as oxygen, nitrogen, and carbon dioxide are needed by most species

d. Soil types determine what plants and animals can live in an area

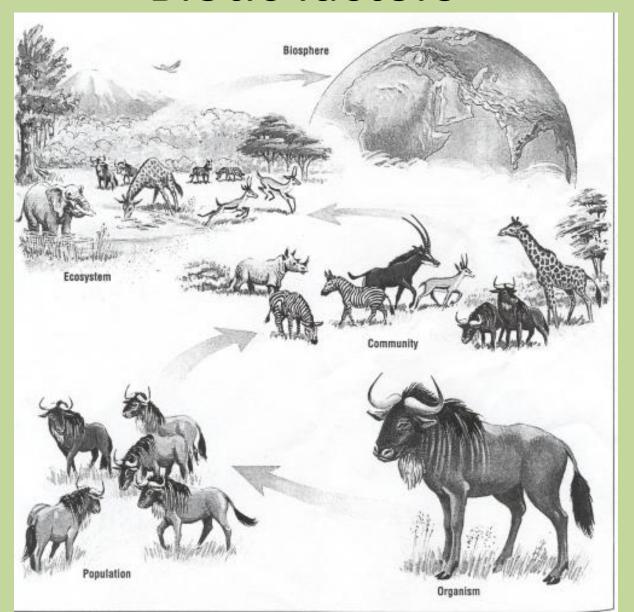
Abiotic factors



C. <u>Biotic Factors</u> – living or once living parts of the environment

- a. All members of one species living together form a population
- b. <u>Communities</u> are groups of populations that interact with each other in a given area
- c. The biotic community and its abiotic factors make up an Ecosystem
- d. Biomes are large areas containing several ecosystems
- e. The <u>biosphere</u> includes the top layer of Earth's crust, all waters, and the atmosphere

Biotic factors



 Biomes and the Biosphere are similar in that they both contain living organisms.

 They are different because Biomes are different regions of Earth and the Biosphere is the Earth